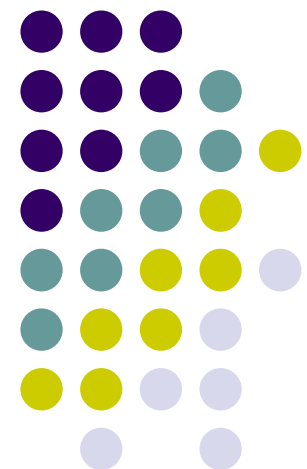


Ubiquitous and Mobile Computing

CS 528: Duet: Exploring Joint Interactions on a Smart Phone and a Smart Watch

Zhiming Hong

*Computer Science Dept.
Worcester Polytechnic Institute (WPI)*





Overview

- Introduction and motivation
- Related work
- Method
 - Design space
 - Gestures and sensing techniques
 - Evaluation(Results)
 - Duet system
 - User feedback(Results)
- Conclusion
- Reference

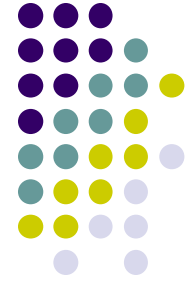
Introduction



Introduction



Introduction

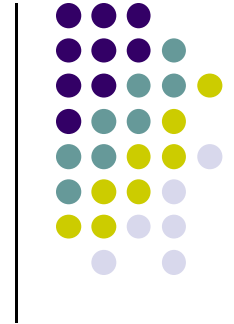


+

Multi-devices

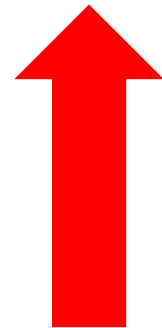


Introduction



New Interaction way

Availability



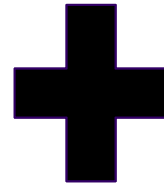
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oWu9TFJjHaM>



Introduction

What this paper focus on?

Why this problem is important?



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZKGsb2F9dms>

Related work



- **Interaction Techniques for Handheld Devices**
 - Touch-based interaction
 - **Orienting, positioning, tilting, and whacking**



Butler, A., Izadi, S., and Hodges, S. SideSight. *UIST '08*, 201–204

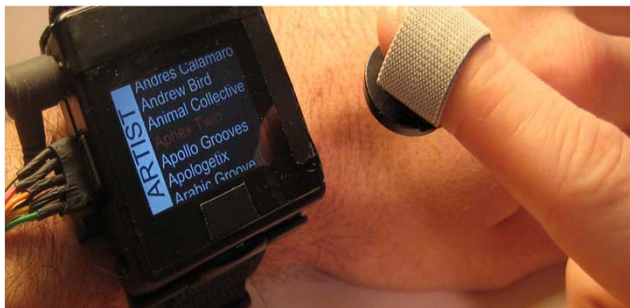
Jones, B., Sodhi, R., Forsyth, D., Bailey, B., and Maciocci, G. Around device interaction for multiscale

Fitzmaurice, G.W. Situated information spaces and spatially aware palmtop computers. *CACM* 36, 7 (1993), 39–49

Related work



- **Interaction Techniques for Wrist-worn Devices**
 - Zoomboard(iterative zooming)
 - *Motion and spatial awareness*(wrist-based)
 - *Free-hand gestures*(magnetometer)



Oney, S., Harrison, C., Ogan, A., and Wiese, J. ZoomBoard. CHI '13, 2799–2803

Lyons, K., Nguyen, D., Ashbrook, D., and White, S. Face

Rekimoto, J. GestureWrist and GesturePad. ISWC '01, 21–27

Harrison, C. and Hudson, S.E. Abracadabra. *UIST '09*, 121–124

Related work

- **Device-to-Device Interaction**

- ***Synchrony***

Rekimoto, J. Pick-and-drop. *UIST '97*, 31–39

- ***Proxemic Interaction***

Kortuem, G., Kray, C., and Gellersen, H. Sensing and visualizing spatial relations of mobile devices.

UIST '05, 93

- ***Distributed Interactions***

Schilit, B., Adams, N., and Want, R. Context-Aware Computing Applications. *First Workshop on Mobile Computing Systems and Applications*, 85–90



Method

- Design space



	Watch Foreground	Watch Background
Phone Foreground	Duet: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Phone as a primary input and output platform;• Watch as an input device or extended display.	Duet: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Phone as a primary input and output platform;• Watch as a sensor.
Phone Background	Current commercial designs: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Phone as an inactivated information portal [37]• Watch as a viewport or remote control [37]	Prior research: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Both phone and watch used for context and activity sensing [7, 31].

Table 1. A design space of interaction on a smart phone and a smart watch based on Buxton's framework [5].

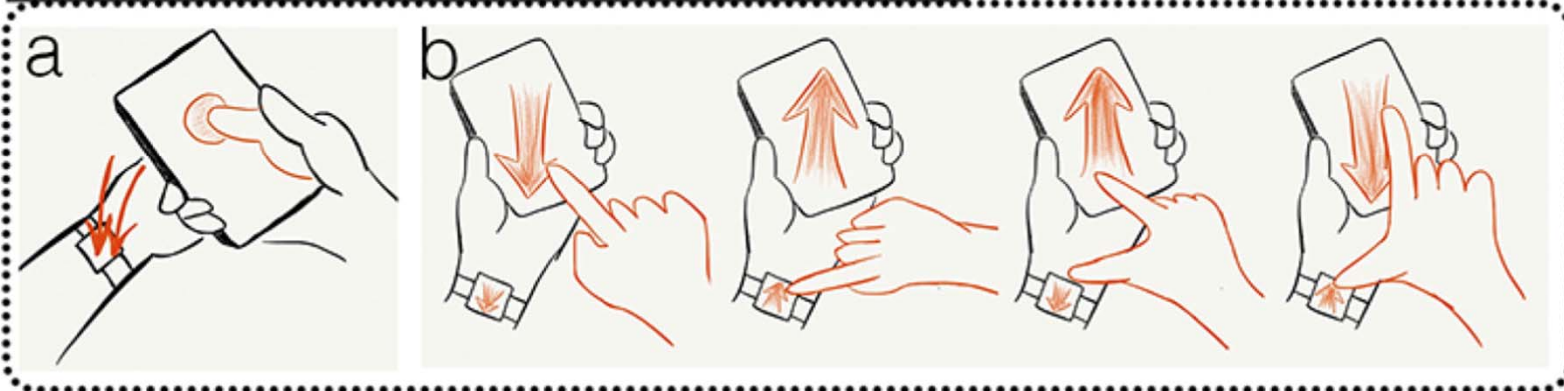


Method

● GESTURES AND SENSING TECHNIQUES

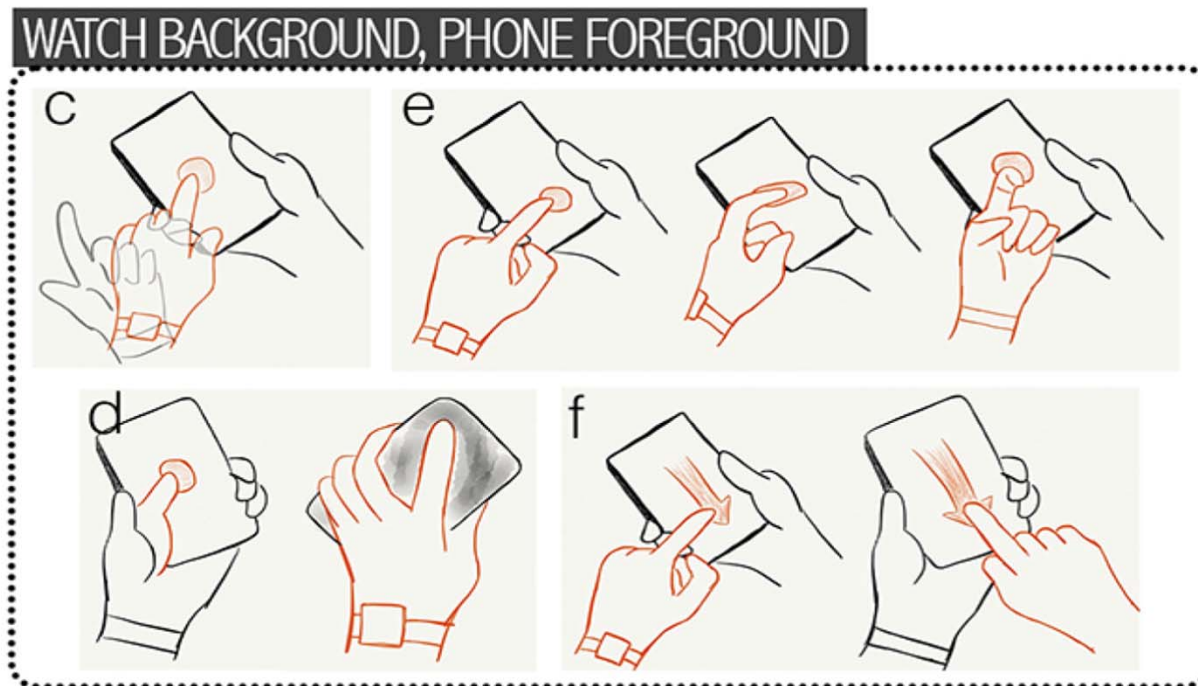
- Watch in the Foreground, Phone in the Foreground
 - *Double bump*
 - *Multi-device gestures*

WATCH FOREGROUND, PHONE FOREGROUND



Method

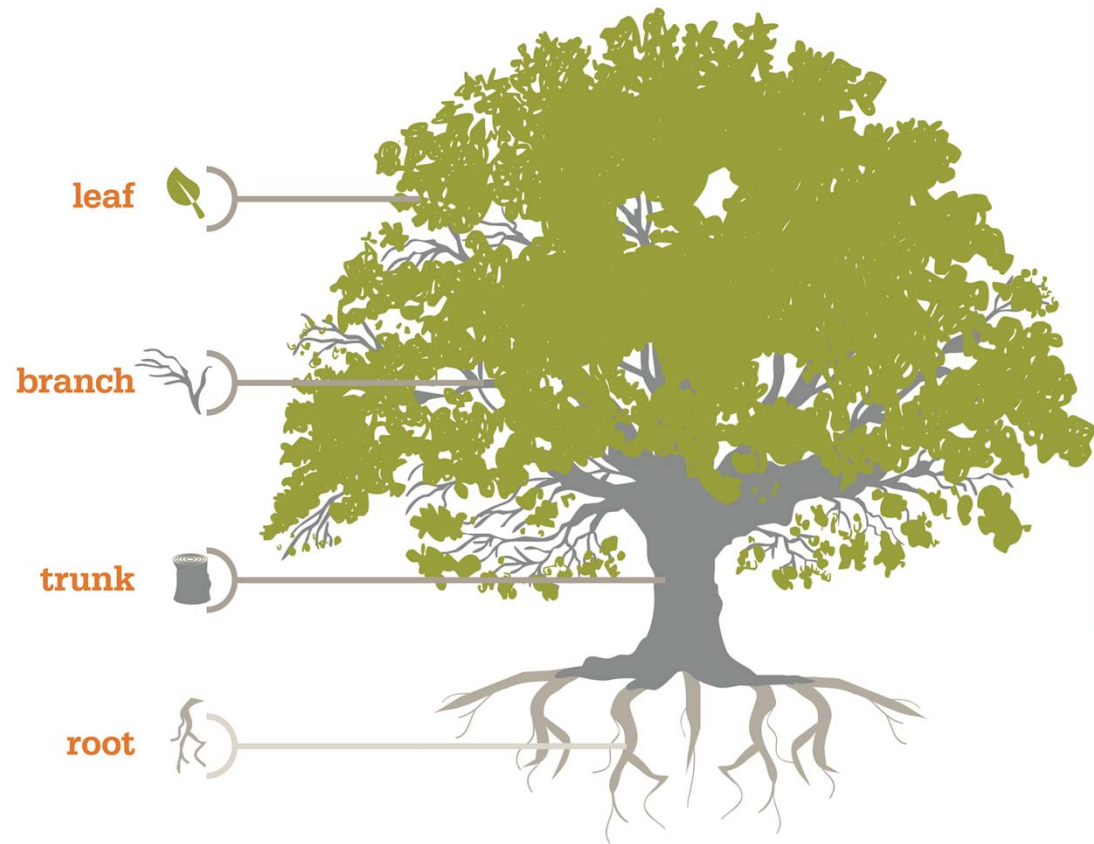
- **GESTURES AND SENSING TECHNIQUES**
 - **Watch in the Background, Phone in the Foreground**
 - *Flip and tap*
 - *Hold and flip*
 - *Finger posture recognition*
 - *Handedness recognition*





Method

- **Gesture Recognition**
 - machine learning
 - Decision Tree



Method



- **TECHNICAL EVALUATION**

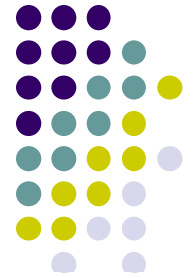
- **Participants**

- 12 participants(5 male,7 female, ages 18-34)
- each participant: 10 trials for each condition of these 6 gestures
- 12 participants \times 15 conditions (across the 6 techniques)
 \times 4 blocks \times 10 trials per block = **7200** data points

- **Ten-Fold Cross Validation**

- Per User Classifiers
- General Classifiers

Method



● TECHNICAL EVALUATION

● Results

	Double bump	Flip and tap	Hold and flip	Handedness recognition	Finger posture recognition
10-fold cross val.	93.87%	97.90%	97.56%	99.06%	99.34%
Per user classifiers	92.10% (5.34%)	95.92% (2.89%)	90.11% (11.24%)	97.33% (1.92%)	97.95% (0.80%)
General classifiers	88.33% (9.89%)	94.38% (9.91%)	85.29% (10.90%)	98.23% (2.64%)	93.33% (9.07%)

Table 2. Accuracy (SD in parentheses) of our gestures and sensing techniques: ten-fold cross validation, per user classifiers, and general classifiers.

Pinch to open	Pinch to close	Phone to watch	Watch to phone
97.69% (5.67%)	98.61% (2.32%)	95.83% (3.83%)	96.76% (3.25%)

Table 3. Accuracy (SD in parentheses) for *Multi-device gestures*.



Method

- **DUET: AN EXPLORATION OF JOINT INTERACTIONS**

- Home Screen

- 4 mobile apps

- Email



- Map



- Reader



- Call



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i3XcCuWuec4>



Method

- **User feedback on DUET**
 - Participants
 - 10 participants(5 male, 5 female, ages 21-27)
 - Procedure
 - 60 minutes try out DUET **by themselves**
 - comment on their **easiness** and **usefulness**

Method

- Results

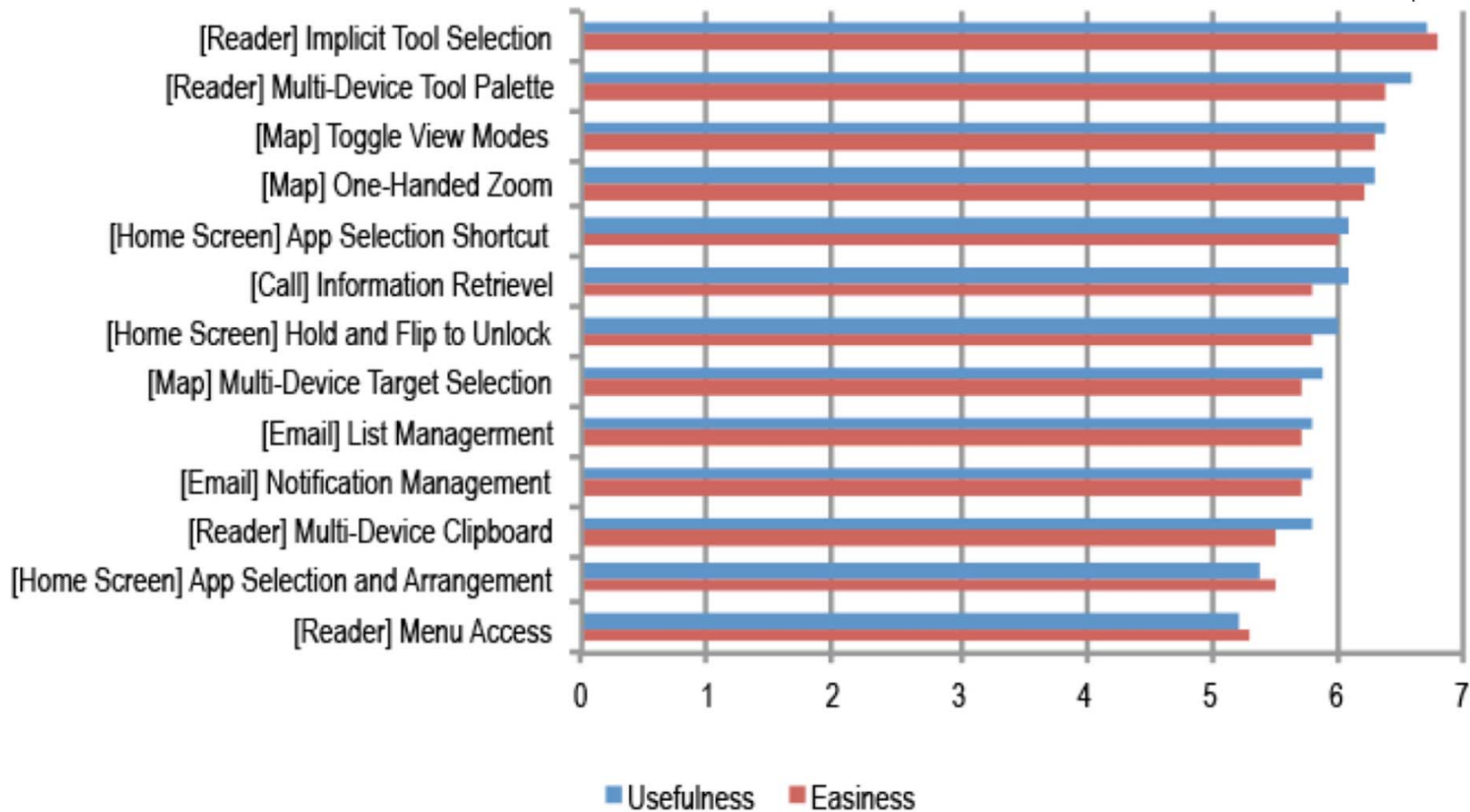
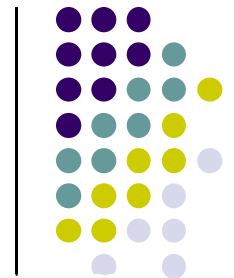


Figure 13. Subjective rankings show an overall positive reaction to Duet’s interaction techniques.

Conclusion



- New interaction ways between smart phone and smart watch
- “Duet” system: exploring those new joint interactions

Improvements:

- Number and variety of participants for test
- *Recognition robustness*
- *Watch wearing*

References



- [1] InzerAmento, B., Hill, W., and Terveen, L. The sound of one hand. *CHI '02*, 724-725.
- [2] Ballagas, R., Borchers, J., Rohs, M., and Sheridan, J.G. The Smart Phone. *IEEE Pervasive Computing* 5, 1 (2006), 70–77.
- [3] Baudisch, P. and Chu, G. Back-of-device interaction allows creating very small touch devices. *CHI '09*, 1923–1932.
- [4] Butler, A., Izadi, S., and Hodges, S. SideSight. *UIST '08*, 201–204.
- [5] Buxton, W. Integrating the periphery and context: A new taxonomy of telematics. *GI '95*, 239–246 *t references*
- [6] Buxton, W.A.S. Chunking and phrasing and the design of human-computer dialogues. *IFIP '86*, 494–499.
- [7] Chen, G., and Kotz, D., *A survey of context-aware*
- [8] *mobile computing research*. Technical Report TR2000- 381, Dept. of Computer Science, Dartmouth College, 2000.
- [9] Crossan, A., Williamson, J., Brewster, S., and Murray- Smith, R. Wrist rotation for interaction in mobile contexts. *MobileHCI '08*, 435–438.

References



- [10] Hinckley, K., Pierce, J., Horvitz, E., and Sinclair, M. Foreground and background interaction with sensor-enhanced mobile devices. TOCHI '12, 1 (2005), 31–52.
- [11] Hinckley, K., Pierce, J., Sinclair, M., and Horvitz, E. Sensing techniques for mobile interaction. CHI '00, 91–100.
- [12] Hinckley, K., Ramos, G., Guimbretiere, F., Baudisch, P., and Smith, M. Stitching. AVI '04, 23–30.
- [13] Hinckley, K. Synchronous gestures for multiple persons and computers. UIST '03, 149–158.
- [14] Holmquist, L.E., Mattern, F., Schiele, B., Alahuhta, P., Beigl, M., and Gellersen, H. Smart-Its Friends. Ubicomp '01, 116–122.
- [15] Hudson, S.E., Harrison, C., Harrison, B.L., and LaMarca, A. Whack gestures. TEI '10, 109–103.
- [16] Ishiguro, Y., Mujibiya, A., Miyaki, T., and Rekimoto, J. Aided eyes. AH '10, 1–7.
- [17] Jones, B., Sodhi, R., Forsyth, D., Bailey, B., and Maciocci, G. Around device interaction for multiscale navigation. MobileHCI '12, 83–92.
- [18] Kim, D., Hilliges, O., Izadi, S., et al. Digits. UIST '12, 167–176.
- [19] Kim, J., He, J., Lyons, K., and Starner, T. The Gesture Watch. ISWC '07, 1–8.
- [20] Kortuem, G., Kray, C., and Gellersen, H. Sensing and visualizing spatial relations of mobile devices. UIST '05. 93.



Thank you!

Question??